

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP1032b**Specification**

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P26358
Other Accession	O9Z330 , P13864 , NP_001370
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	1083-1112

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 1786**Other Names**

DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 1, Dnmt1, CXXC-type zinc finger protein 9, DNA methyltransferase Hsa1, DNA MTase Hsa1, MHSa1, MCMT, DNMT1, AIM, CXXC9, DNMT

Target/Specificity

This DNMT1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1083-1112 amino acids from human DNMT1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - Protein Information**Name** DNMT1

Synonyms AIM, CXXC9, DNMT

Function Methylates CpG residues. Preferentially methylates hemimethylated DNA. Associates with DNA replication sites in S phase maintaining the methylation pattern in the newly synthesized strand, that is essential for epigenetic inheritance. Associates with chromatin during G2 and M phases to maintain DNA methylation independently of replication. It is responsible for maintaining methylation patterns established in development. DNA methylation is coordinated with methylation of histones. Mediates transcriptional repression by direct binding to HDAC2. In association with DNMT3B and via the recruitment of CTCFL/BORIS, involved in activation of BAG1 gene expression by modulating dimethylation of promoter histone H3 at H3K4 and H3K9. Probably forms a corepressor complex required for activated KRAS- mediated promoter hypermethylation and transcriptional silencing of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) or other tumor-related genes in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:[24623306](#)). Also required to maintain a transcriptionally repressive state of genes in undifferentiated embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:[24623306](#)). Associates at promoter regions of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) leading to their gene silencing (PubMed:[24623306](#)). Promotes tumor growth (PubMed:[24623306](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Localized to the perinucleolar region.

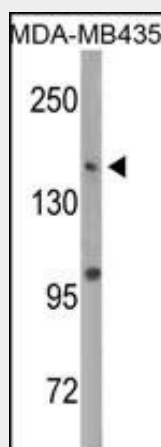
Tissue Location

Ubiquitous; highly expressed in fetal tissues, heart, kidney, placenta, peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and expressed at lower levels in spleen, lung, brain, small intestine, colon, liver, and skeletal muscle. Isoform 2 is less expressed than isoform 1.

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - Images

Western blot analysis of DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) (Cat.# AP1032b) in MDA-MB435 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). DNMT1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - Background

Methylation of DNA at cytosine residues plays an important role in regulation of gene expression, genomic imprinting and is essential for mammalian development. Hypermethylation of CpG islands in tumor suppressor genes or hypomethylation of bulk genomic DNA may be linked with development of cancer. To date, 3 families of mammalian DNA methyltransferase genes have been identified which include Dnmt1, Dnmt2 and Dnmt3. Dnmt1 is constitutively expressed in proliferating cells and inactivation of this gene causes global demethylation of genomic DNA and embryonic lethality. Dnmt2 is expressed at low levels in adult tissues and its inactivation does not affect DNA methylation or maintenance of methylation. The Dnmt3 family members, Dnmt3a and Dnmt3b, are strongly expressed in ES cells but their expression is down regulated in differentiating ES cells and is low in adult somatic tissue. Dnmt1 co-purifies with the retinoblastoma (Rb) tumour suppressor gene product, E2F1, and HDAC1. Dnmt1 also cooperates with Rb to repress transcription from promoters containing E2F binding sites suggesting a link between DNA methylation, histone deacetylase and sequence-specific DNA binding activity, as well as a growth-regulatory pathway that is disrupted in nearly all cancer cells.

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - References

Peterson, E.J., et al., Cancer Res. 63(20):6579-6582 (2003).
Leu, Y.W., et al., Cancer Res. 63(19):6110-6115 (2003).
Saito, Y., et al., Int. J. Cancer 105(4):527-532 (2003).
Siedlecki, P., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 306(2):558-563 (2003).
Macaluso, M., et al., Oncogene 22(23):3511-3517 (2003).

DNMT1 Antibody (S1105) - Citations

- [Role of epigenetic regulation on the induction of apoptosis in Jurkat leukemia cells by white grape pomace rich in phenolic compounds.](#)
- [Dose-response analysis of epigenetic, metabolic, and apical endpoints after short-term exposure to experimental hepatotoxins.](#)
- [Reg3g Promotes Pancreatic Carcinogenesis in a Murine Model of Chronic Pancreatitis.](#)
- [OxLDL up-regulates microRNA-29b, leading to epigenetic modifications of MMP-2/MMP-9 genes: a novel mechanism for cardiovascular diseases.](#)